



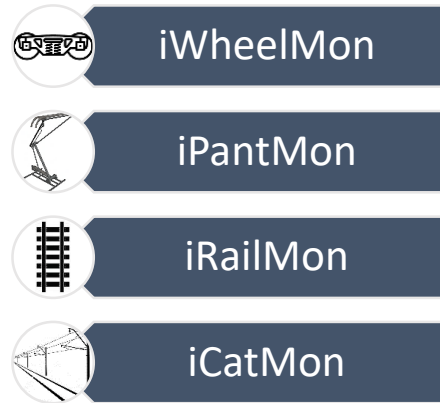
Positioning Approach for Train-Infrastructure Interaction Assets Health Status Monitoring ENC 2020 Virtual Conference, Nov 2020

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SIA Objectives

MAIN GOAL

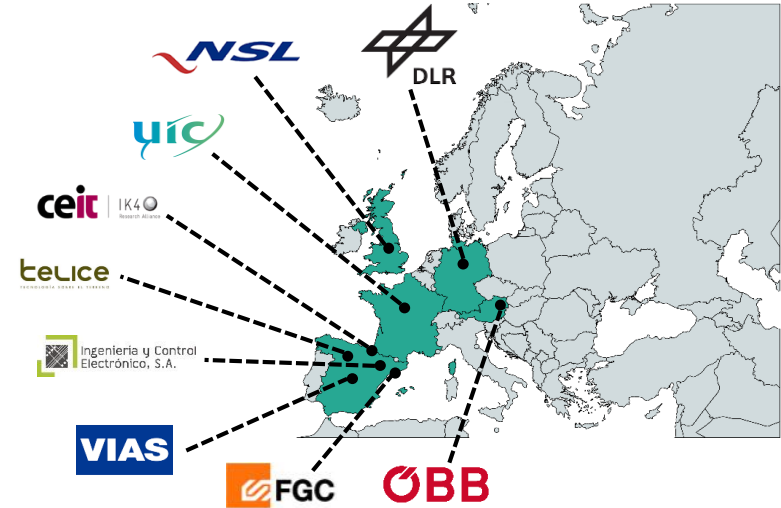
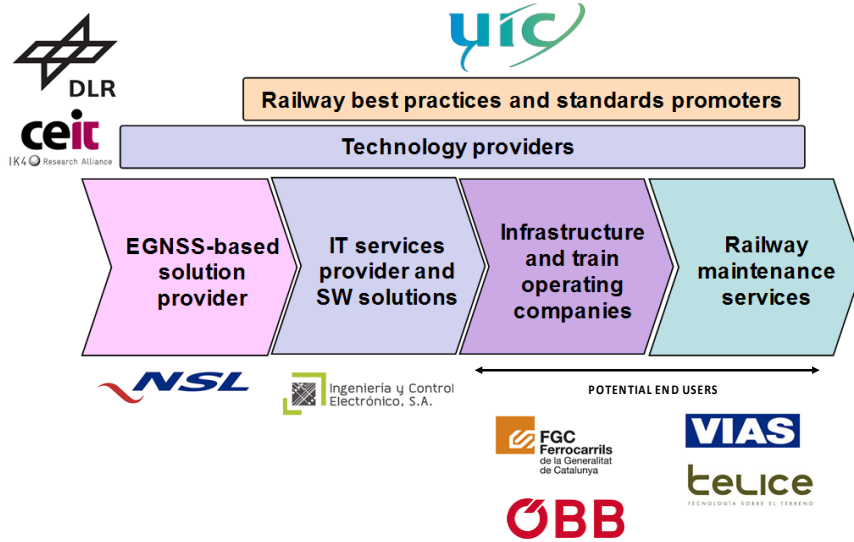
To develop four ready-to-use new services to provide prognostic information about the health status of the railway's most demanding assets in terms of maintenance costs, at the points of the interaction between the vehicle and the infrastructure (wheelset, pantograph, rail and catenary)



SIA services:

- **iWheelMon:** Real time information about wheel status and prognostic health status information
- **iPantMon:** Real time information about the pantograph status and prognostic health status information
- **iRailMon:** Real time information about the rail status and prognostic health status information
- **iCatMon:** Real time information about the catenary status and prognostic health status information

SIA Consortium



European
 Global Navigation
 Satellite Systems
 Agency

HORIZON 2020

SIA System Overview

Modular architecture with several components

- SIA_POS
 - Position and time information using EGNSS
 - Divided into on-board and back-office solutions
 - Focus of this presentation
- SIA_ABA ... to record and analyze axle-box acceleration data
- SIA_PANT ... pantograph sensor network
- SIA_DH ... data-hub that manages all data
- SIA_VP ... visualization platform



Positioning – SIA_POS

Position information is essential for the SIA services

- Real-time events localization
- Track-dependent analysis of axle-box or pantograph acceleration data

Position requirements for SIA_POS modules

- On-board – 100 percent availability, 20 m accuracy at 95 percent
- Back-office – 100 percent availability, decimeter accuracy, track-selective

Approaches

- EGNSS, Galileo-driven!
- Precise Point Positioning approach online, hybridization with IMU
- Map-supported Kalman filtering and smoothing in the back-office

On-board SIA_POS algorithm

- GNSS + IMU
 - > Poor performance with mass-market IMU
- GNSS + Odometer DR (Dead Reckoning)
 - > Ideal but there is no access to odometer data
- SIA DR approach
 - > Core positioning algorithm: Precise Point Positioning (PPP)
 - > Replacing odometer with along track acceleration
$$speed_H = speed_H^- + a * dt$$
 - > Gyro around z-axis for heading
$$heading = heading^- + gyro_z$$

EGNSS benefits

- More satellites in view
 - > Higher GNSS solution availability
 - > Fewer and shorter measurement gaps
 - > Smaller position divergence by DR
 - > Fewer PPP reconvergence
- Galileo has advanced signal structure
 - > Multipath resistance
 - > Improved accuracy

Experimental GNSS data from Railway

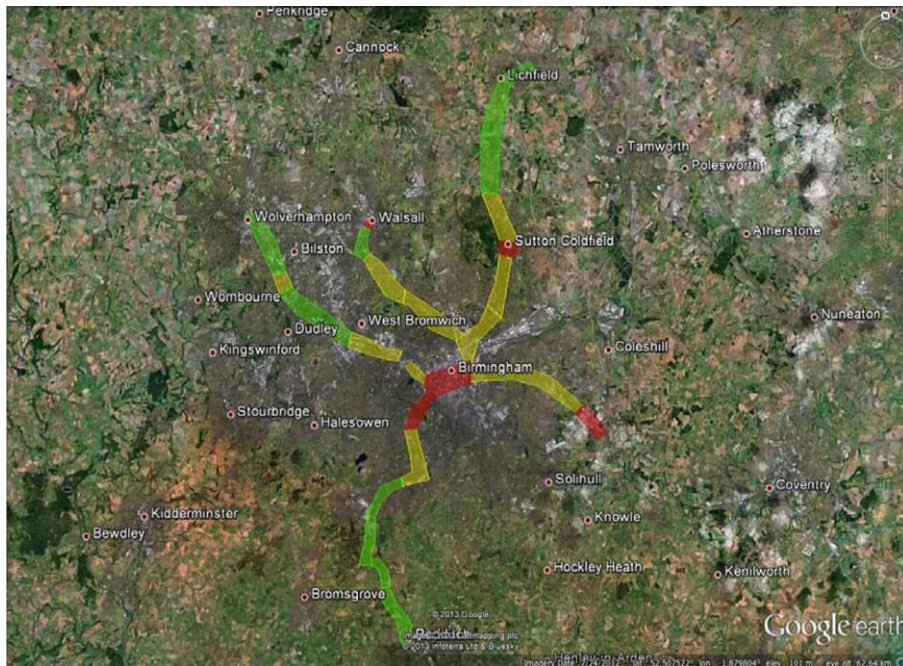
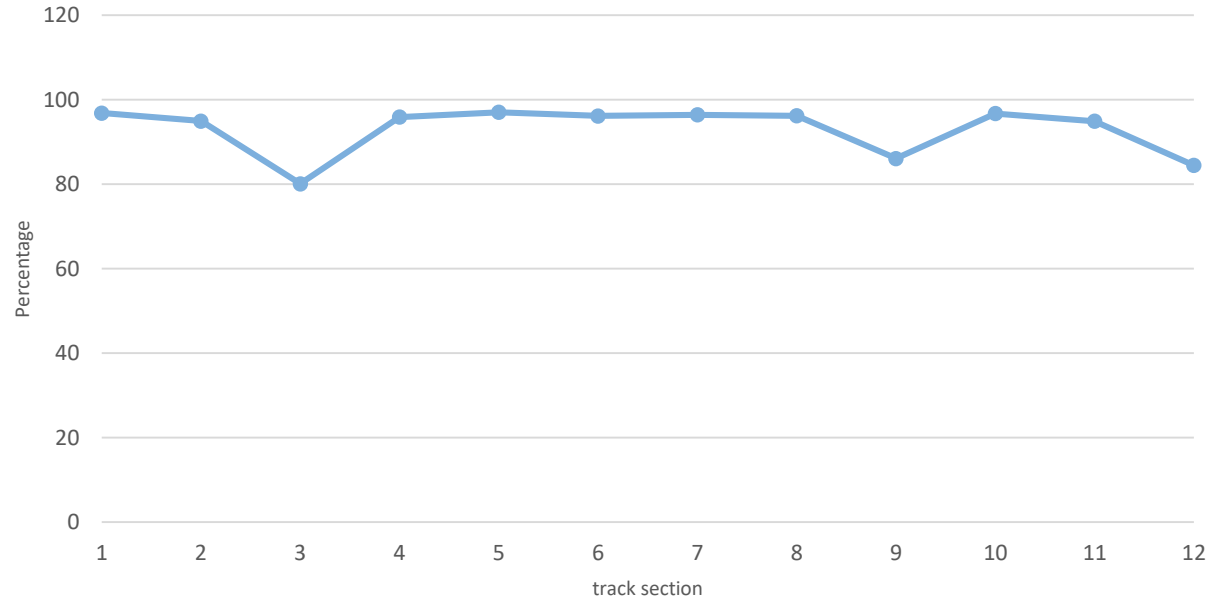


Figure:
open (green), intermediate (yellow) and obstructed (red) areas

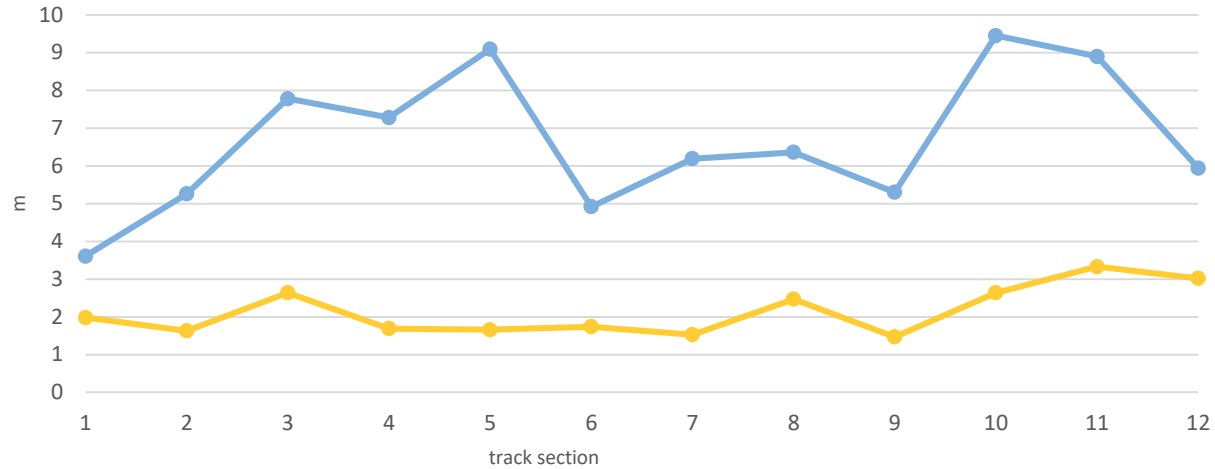
Data sets:

- UK Rail Safety and Standards Board (RSSB)
- GNSS data collected in train in 2012

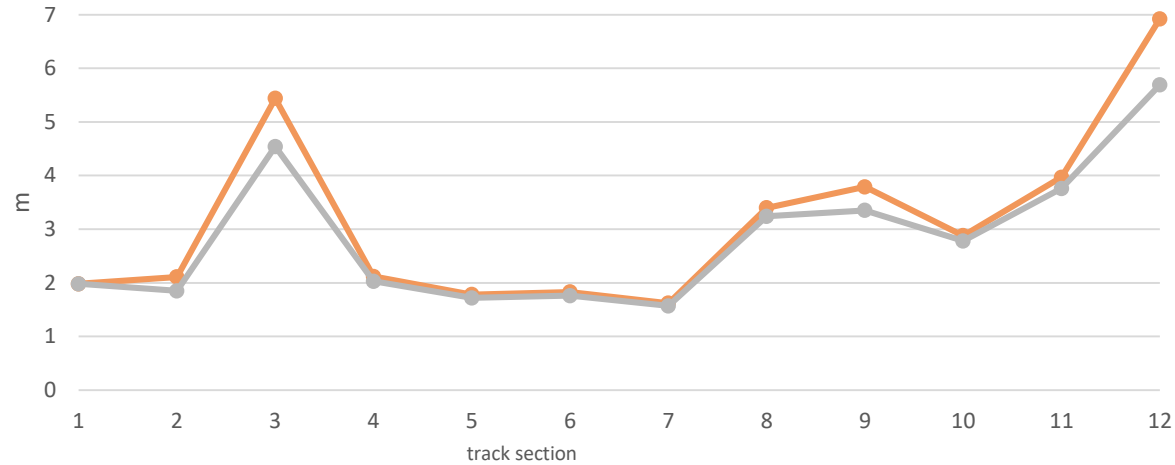
On-board SIA-POS preliminary results



PPP solution availability for different track sections



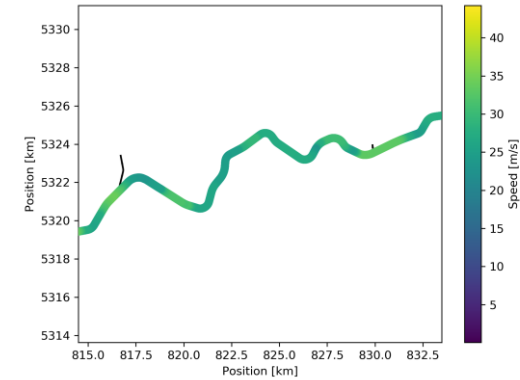
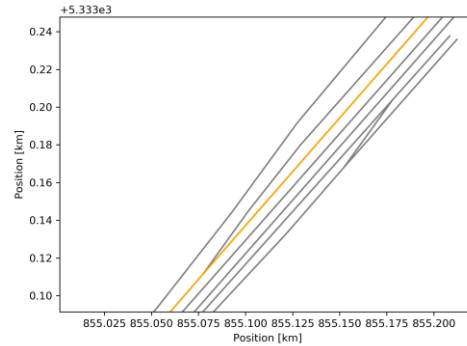
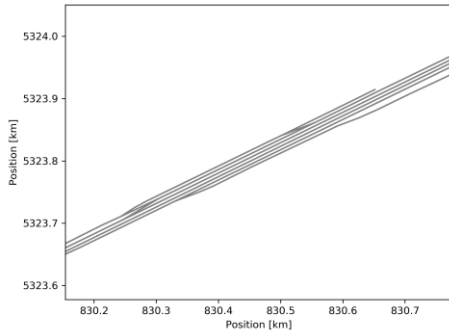
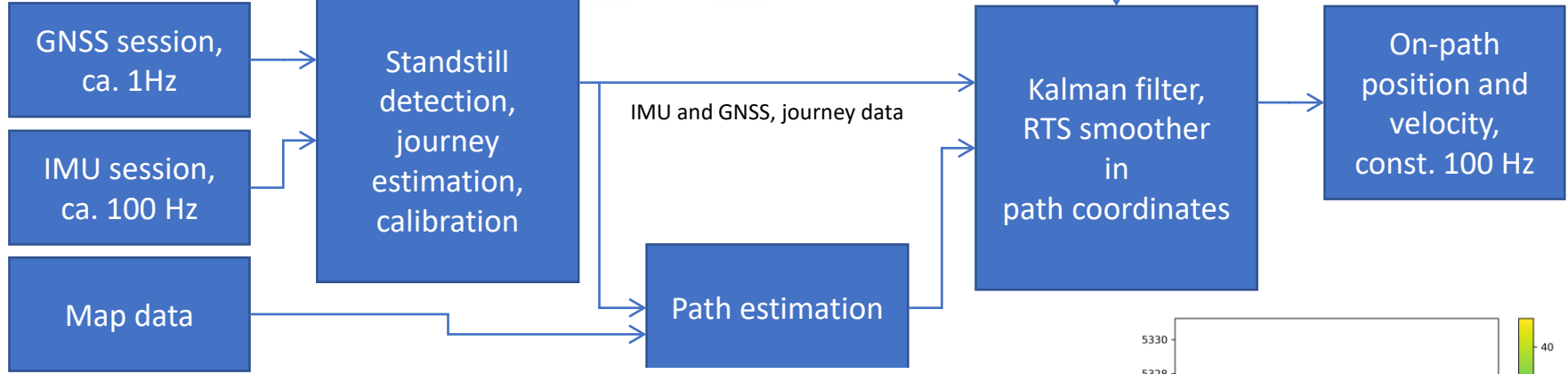
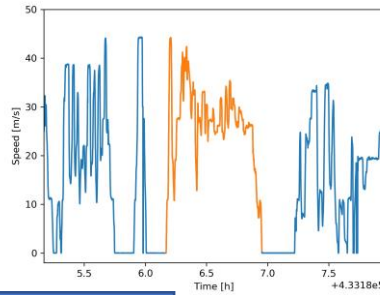
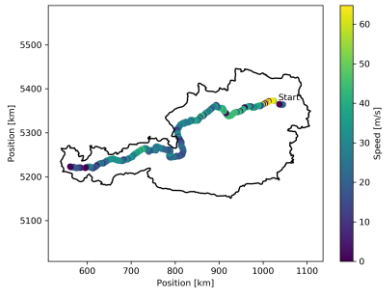
Horizontal 95% position error for available GNSS solutions,
Blue: Snapshot solution, Orange: PPP solution



95% horizontal position error,
Orange: PPP solution, Grey: on-board SIA_POS solution

Back-office positioning algorithm

- Online positioning results can be improved offline
 - Batch GNSS and IMU data (with varying rates, outages)
 - Context knowledge, path-constrained motion, map data
- Geo-referencing
 - Facilitates the position-dependent analysis of monitoring data (ABA, PANT)
- Methodology
 - Extensive pre-processing
 - Separation of sessions into journeys
 - Path estimation for each journey
 - Path-constrained Kalman filter methods
- Development on test data from a SIA prototype (DLR/ÖBB campaign)



Conclusions and Future Work

- On-line PPP algorithm tailored for the railway environment
- Simplified GNSS-IMU hybridization approach
- Preliminary results show that the algorithm can deliver the required performance
- Advanced back-office processing chain using map data and Kalman filters shows promising results
- Further data will be collected in joint experiments with the SIA partners FGC and ÖBB

Follow the SIA project!

- Twitter feed

<https://twitter.com/SIAGalileo>

- Project website with newsletters and deliverables

<https://siaproject.eu/>

- 110 minute recording of the SIA mid-term event with further details on all SIA services, including an extensive Q&A session

<https://youtu.be/n854QMTTwDA>



Thank you

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